



Vidya Bhawan balika Vidyapeeth shakti utthan aashram Lakhisarai

Revision Class-9th

(Based on N C E R T pattern)

Date:- 22.11.XX.

Economics

Poverty as Challenge

Question 1.

Which states of India have seen a significant decline in poverty?

Answer:

Kerala, Maharashtra, Andhra Pradesh, Tamil Nadu, Gujarat and West Bengal

Question 2.

On which two planks does the current anti-poverty strategy of the government is based upon?

Answer:

- Promotion of economic growth.
- Targeted anti-poverty programmes.

Question 3.

What are the biggest challenges before India?

Answer:

Providing healthcare, education and job security for all and achieving gender equality and dignity for the poor are the bigger challenges before India.

Question 4.

What are the indicators used by social scientists to understand poverty?

Answer:

The indicators used by social scientists to understand poverty are :

- Levels of income and consumption
- Lack of general resistance due to malnutrition
- Lack of access to healthcare
- Lack of job opportunities
- Lack of access to safe drinking water, sanitation, etc.

Question 5.

What do you understand by vulnerability to poverty?

Answer:

Vulnerability of poverty means some communities or social groups are more prone to poverty than other sections of the society. Members of a backward caste or individuals such as a widow or a physically handicapped person of becoming, or remaining, poor in the coming years. Vulnerability is determined by the options available to different communities for finding an alternative living in terms of assets, education, health and job opportunities. Further, it is analysed on the basis of the greater risks these groups face at the time of natural disasters (earthquakes, tsunami), terrorism, etc.

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